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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,268	07/07/2003	David H. McFadden	54330/322596	7748
23370 7590 04/28/2009 JOHN S. PRATT, ESQ KILPATRICK STOCKTON, LLP			EXAMINER	
			SUERETH, SARAH ELIZABETH	
1100 PEACHTREE STREET SUITE 2800			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, GA 30309			3749	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/28/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) MCFADDEN, DAVID H. 10/614 268

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Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sarah Suereth	3749				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DI Estrasions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after 55% (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the soir or extended period for reply will by statute Any reply received by the Cffice later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ja	anuary 2009.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-3.6 and 8 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 6</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) 8 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8 Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	a alastian vasuivament					
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 H S C & 119/a	h(d) or (f)				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bureau	•	- 0				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
· ·						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)    Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	<li>4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Day</li>	(PTO-413)				
3) Minformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S6/08)	5). Notice of Informal F					
Paper No/s VMail Date 1/23/09&3/31/09	6) Other: .					

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## DETAILED ACTION

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/23/09 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148
   USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S.
 Patent No. 4,409,453 to Smith ("Smith") in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,737,373 Forney ("Forney"), further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,166,487 to Hurley et al. ("Hurley").

Smith discloses in the specification and figures 1-18 an invention in the same field of endeavor as applicant's invention and as described in applicant's claims (note the figures in Smith are disclosed with roman numerals but have been reference below using corresponding numbers 1-18).

In particular, in regard to at least claim 8, Smith shows a system and method of speed cooking a food product with gas comprising the steps of: providing a housing (1) with a bottom (8'), top(2'), left and right sides (4' and 6') defining an oven cavity (79) including a cooking rack (208) to support food (P); heating means (50), flow means (30) with control means for varying the air flow (described as a "variable speed motor" (see col. 6, lines 4-9)).

In regard to the "conduit means", see at least Figs. 2 and 8 and note that air is provided to the oven cavity via conduits (chambers above plates 82 or 122) and exhausted from the oven cavity (note arrows in each Fig showing air passed from the oven cavity).

In regard to the limitation that the position of the cooking rack remains fixed with respect to the gas directing means, the examiner notes that the cooking rack (208) is a conveyor, and the food moves along the conveyor during cooking. However, the position of the rack itself remains fixed during the cooking process, and this is regarded as meeting the claim limitation.

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By the limitation "a first means for directing gas within the oven cavity", it appears applicant intends to invoke 112, 6<sup>th</sup> paragraph. Applicant claims four similar means for directing gas in claim 95. A search of applicant's specification shows that applicant discloses that the means for directing gas comprise four nozzle plates (23a,23b,27a,27b) and nozzles (100a,100b,29a,29b) mounted to the plates [bottom of paragraph 66]. These plates and nozzles together are regarded to comprise the means for directing gas.

Smith discloses a similar means for directing gas (nozzle plates 82,83 and nozzles 90); however, Smith shows the nozzle plates as comprising two integral nozzle plates along the top and bottom of the oven with associated nozzles (see Figure 2), instead of a total of four separate nozzle plates.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Smith nozzle plates to each comprise two sections instead of one section as a matter of obvious design choice. Mounting nozzles on either a single plate extending across the top of the oven or on multiple plates spanning the oven would allow the oven to operate in the same manner.

Also, Smith shows the nozzles mounted in two straight horizontal lines, to impinge the food vertically, instead of from the oven sides.

Forney discloses a convection oven having nozzles angled to impinge the food from the sides, top and bottom in order to evenly cook all the sides of a food product, instead of only the top and bottom (col. 3, lines 19-25).

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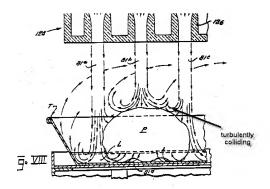
It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Smith nozzle arrangement to angle the nozzle plates, in order to surround the food product, and to evenly cook all sides of the food (col. 3, lines 19-25).

Regarding the limitation that the food is cooked by turbulently colliding gas flows, gas from the Smith openings is provided in the form of jets (81). As shown particular in Fig. 8, a first gas jet (81b) and a second gas jet (81c) are provided to strike a food product (P) and are considered to collide turbulently in close proximity to a surface of the food product to desirably enable "very rapid heat transfer and very rapid water vapor removal from the surface of the product" (see col. 10, lines 45-51). The following is a segment of Fig. 8 of Smith to further illustrate what the examiner considers to be "turbulently colliding" gas flows:

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Segment of Fig. 8 of Smith (the examiner has added lead arrow and text)



Further, the examiner notes that Smith expressly describes that jets (81), when striking a solid surface will be transformed, into a "turbulent mushroom shaped pressure area" (see col. 11, lines 6-11). While this discussion is in the context of the jets striking the bottom of the food product, the examiner considers that a person of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the "turbulent mushroom shaped pressure area" would also result on the top of the food product (as shown for instance in Fig. 8 of Smith).

Regarding the limitation of "directing gas from the left side of the oven rather than from the top wall", the examiner considers that when the nozzle plates of Smith are angled as taught by Forney, the resulting nozzle plates would cause the air to impinge on the food from a sideways direction instead of a vertical direction.

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Smith in view of Forney, as discussed above, discloses substantially all the limitations of claim 8 with the possible exception of directing microwave energy from the opposing side of the cooking chamber. Smith shows a microwave energy generator (58) including a microwave waveguide plate (76). However, Smith appears to only suggest the use of a single microwave energy generator instead of the dual generators claimed by applicant.

Hurley teaches a cooking method in the same field of endeavor as both applicant's invention and Smith. In Hurley, a cooking oven functions to provide convective and microwave heating (see abstract). The microwave heating is enabled by multiple microwave generating magnetrons (12 and 14) that are desirably arranged "at opposite ends of the cooking chamber" (see col. 5, lines 54-55) to direct microwave energy (15) to a food product.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the cooking method of Smith to incorporate directing microwave energy at opposite sides of the cooking chamber as taught in Hurley as this location is expressly recognized in the art as desirable for directing microwave energy to a food product (see Hurley, col. 5, lines 47-55).

## Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed November 1/23/09 have been fully considered and are persuasive regarding claim 1. A new rejection appears above for new claim 8. Application/Control Number: 10/614,268 Page 8

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Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Sarah Suereth whose telephone number is (571)272-

9061. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays & Tuesdays 8:00AM-

4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Steven McAllister, can be reached (571) 272-6785. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Sarah Suereth/

Examiner, Art Unit 3749

/Steven B. McAllister/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3749

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